How did the countries of Latin America establish themselves as independent states? What role did leadership play?

Core features/events of Latin Am. History (applying EIEIO causal model)

Case Study: Bolivar

Walk-in Music: Mexican National Anthem

Chapter 28 outline

A. Preconditions for Revolution
   1. Criollos/pensulares
   2. Enlightenment ideas (Carlos III, r. 1759-1788)
   3. Reforms & uprisings (1740-80: 50+; Tupac Amaru II)
   4. Impact of the Napoleonic Wars (1810: juntas)

B. Regional character of Span-Am. Rev.s
   1. Caracas & Buenos Aires vs. Mex. City & Lima

C. Independence Movements in S. America
   1. Simón Bolívar & José de San Martín
   2. Mexico: social (failed) vs. political (conservative)
      (priests Hidalgo & Morelos; caudillo Iturbide)

D. Brazil: Colony to Empire
   1. Portuguese monarchy (diff. than Spain)

E. Mexico (again: authoritarian->lib.->authorit.)
   1. Santa Anna (r. 1823-1854; lost to US 1846-48)
   2. Liberal Reforma; civil war—Juárez in Vera Cruz
   3. French invasion 1862-67 under Maximilian
   4. Porfirio Díaz & Porfiriato (1876-1911)
      “political repression & rapid econ. dev.”

F. Argentina and Chile
   1. End of slavery: “Free womb” Sept. 28, 1871

Mexico (textbook p. 715, 717f)

- Creole self-rule until 1814 Spanish Bourbon restoration
- Inspired by Enlightenment, US colonial revolution
- Fathers Hidalgo & Morelos: “peasants, Indians, artisans”
- Creoles & pensulares call for Spanish royal armies
- 1820 military leaders disaffected from chaotic Spain
- 1821 generals & creoles declare independence

Brazil (textbook p. 723)

- Monarchy fled Portugal, implemented reforms
- Royals allied with “local planter aristocracy”
- Put down slave resistance (Bahia uprising, 1835)
- Put down gaacho resistance: gauchos wanted decental federation (autonomy)
- Most stable state; 4 powers: — Executive, legislative, judiciary, poder moderador

Most controlled transition to independence

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Napoleon & Spain

• 1789: Spain against French Revolution
• 1796: Spanish+French navy vs. Britain
• 1807: Spain lets Napoleon march to Portugal
  – Napoleon occupies military positions in Spain
  – gets Charles IV to abdicate
  – installs his brother-in-law Joseph as king of Spain
• 1812: Napoleon defeated in Russia
  – 1813 in Germany (Leipzig)
  – 1815 in Belgium (Waterloo)

Important?? “International” comes & goes

4 Spanish Viceroyalties
1. New Spain: 7.8 mio.
2. New Granada: 2.5 mio.
3. Peru: 1.5 mio.
4. Rio de la Plata: 1.0 mio.
• Chile: 0.8 mio.
• Brazil: 1.8 mio.

1810 vs. 1825

Colonial Latin Am. Social Structure

Imperial Power | Europ. competitors
Peninsulares (Spanish, Portuguese)
Creoles (colonial-born elites)
Free men | Mulattos, Mestizos …
Slaves | Indigenous peoples

Which groups ally with which?

Casta Paintings (1700s Mexico)

Fantasy of race

Español+Mestiza =Castiza
Mestizo+India =Coyote
Clicker Q 1: Resources

Which of the following was NOT a key economic product of 19th c. Latin America?

A. Silver
B. Rubber
C. Sugar
D. Coffee
E. (anyone think their clicker isn't working?)

[correct: B -- if you didn't get this, you should do the reading!]

Clicker Q 2: Leaders/Geography

Which countries did Bolivar & San Martin come from?

A. Bolivia & Chile
B. Argentina & Columbia
C. Venezuela & Argentina
D. Columbia & Peru
E. Jamaica & Paraguay

[Again, this is one you should know--if you got it wrong, you probably haven't been keeping up with the reading!]

Simón Bolívar (b. 1783)

- Wealthy creole family, lost parents; aristocratic, but mixed race; Uncle & tutor Rodriguez fled in 1796
- 1799: went to Spain (via Mexico)
- 1802: married, to Caracas, wife died, back to Europe – met Humboldt, tutor; Napoleon's coronation (betrayal of revolution, but power of individual)
- 1807: via US (meets Jefferson) back to Venezuela
- 1808: France invades Spain
- 1810: Caracas junta declares indep.
- 1812: earthquake, flees to New Granada (Columbia)

Link to full text of Bolivar's Jamaican Letter

- http://faculty.smu.edu/bakewell/BAKEWELL/texts/jamaica-letter.html (clickable)
- This is well worth reading … (not part of lecture though)
- It prints on about 14 pages, depending on printer settings